



# REC Review



## of Legislative & Regulatory Actions

The Navy Regional Environmental Coordination Office

April 2020

The *REC Review* publishes environmental and energy related developments for DoD/Navy leaders and installation staff. Covering 21 states, the *REC Review* gives early notice of legislative and regulatory activities relevant to DoD interests in Federal Regions 1 & 3 and Navy interests in Federal Regions 2, 4, & 5.

To find out more about the Regional Environmental Coordination (REC) Office and browse back issues of the *REC Review* visit <http://denix.osd.mil/rec/home/>. To receive a copy of this electronic publication, send a subscription request to NAVFACML\_EV-dodregion3@navy.mil.



NAVFAC MIDLANT DoD REC Map

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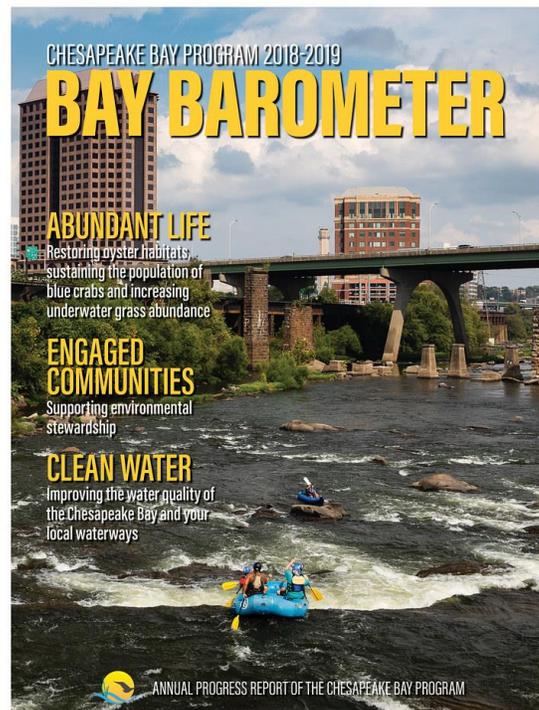
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### SPOTLIGHT STORY

#### Chesapeake Bay Program Releases 2018-19 Bay Barometer

Information provided with permission from the Chesapeake Bay Program. [www.chesapeakebay.net](http://www.chesapeakebay.net)

The Chesapeake Bay Program released its annual report, **Bay Barometer: Health and Restoration in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed 2018-19**. This science-based snapshot provides the most up-to-date information about the environmental health and restoration of the Chesapeake Bay watershed. This data and information are the result of the efforts of the many Chesapeake Bay Program partners and inform different individuals and organizations across the watershed.



Continued...

The Chesapeake Bay Program is a regional partnership of federal, state and local governments, academic institutions and non-governmental organizations that lead and direct the restoration and protection of the Chesapeake Bay and its 64,000 square mile watershed. Guided by the *Chesapeake Bay Watershed Agreement*, Chesapeake Bay Program partners use 10 interrelated goals and 31 outcomes to collectively advance the protection and restoration of the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem.

Many of these outcomes have related indicators, targets and deadlines that allow the Chesapeake Bay Program to track progress toward environmental restoration, protection and stewardship. Data and information used to track this progress come from a range of trusted sources, including government agencies, academic institutions, nongovernmental organizations and direct demographic and behavior surveys.

Full Press Release:

[https://www.chesapeakebay.net/news/pressrelease/chesapeake\\_bay\\_program\\_releases\\_2018\\_19\\_bay\\_barometer](https://www.chesapeakebay.net/news/pressrelease/chesapeake_bay_program_releases_2018_19_bay_barometer)

Bay Barometer: Health and Restoration in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed 2018-19:

[https://www.chesapeakebay.net/documents/bay-barometer-18-19\\_final.pdf](https://www.chesapeakebay.net/documents/bay-barometer-18-19_final.pdf)

## GENERAL INTEREST

### **2020 Sustaining Military Readiness (SMR) Conference**

The 2020 Sustaining Military Readiness (SMR) Conference will be held in San Antonio, Texas from August 10-13, 2020. The DoD-hosted event will bring together the operational, planning, and cultural and natural resource communities to promote military readiness through conservation awareness, compatible land use planning, partnerships, and encroachment mitigation. Join your colleagues for insightful discussion, stimulating workshops, and powerful connections with top military, government, and industry leaders.

The SMR Conference is FREE to all attendees and will be held at the Grand Hyatt San Antonio.

<https://www.smrconference.org/>

### **EPA Announces 2019 Annual Environmental Enforcement Results**

In fiscal year (FY) 2019, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) continued to strengthen its collaborative partnership with state and tribal programs to assure compliance with federal environmental laws. EPA continued to focus its resources in areas that will have a major environmental or human health impact, support the integrity of our environmental regulatory programs, create a deterrent effect, or promote cleanups. In FY 2019, EPA also continued to encourage entities to self-disclose and correct violations, resulting in an increase of entities that used this option to return to compliance. Details provided in the link below.

<https://www.epa.gov/enforcement/enforcement-annual-results-fiscal-year-2019>

## Federal Energy and Water Management Awards – 8 May

The Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP), in conjunction with the Federal Interagency Energy Policy Committee, sponsors the Federal Energy and Water Management Awards, which honor individuals and organizations making significant contributions to energy and water efficiency across the federal government. FEMP has released the Criteria and Guidelines for the 2020 Federal Energy and Water Management Awards. All award nominations must be submitted through the FEMP Central awards nomination portal. The awards recognize outstanding achievements in:

- Energy and water efficiency and conservation
- Renewable energy implementation
- Sustainable practices for high-performance buildings
- Fleet and transportation management.

[https://www.energy.gov/sites/prod/files/2020/02/f71/2020\\_awards\\_guidelines\\_1.pdf](https://www.energy.gov/sites/prod/files/2020/02/f71/2020_awards_guidelines_1.pdf)

# FEDERAL NEWS

**Notice:** *With regard to any regulation or legislation, installation staff is requested to contact their respective component REC with information on mission or installation impacts, questions, or comments.*

## INSPECTIONS

### COVID-19 Implications for EPA's Enforcement and Compliance Assurance Program

EPA is announcing a temporary policy regarding EPA enforcement of environmental legal obligations during the COVID-19 pandemic. This policy will apply retroactively beginning on 13 March 2020. Authorized states or tribes may take a different approach under their own authorities. The EPA will exercise the enforcement discretion specified in the this memo for noncompliance covered by this temporary policy and resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, if regulated entities take the steps applicable to their situations, as set forth in this policy.

<https://www.epa.gov/enforcement/covid-19-implications-epas-enforcement-and-compliance-assurance-program>

**Federal Facilities Environmental Compliance Training** On 5 and 6 August 2020, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region III and the Maryland Department of the Environment are hosting an environmental compliance training for Federal facilities. This 2-day training will review the most significant problems observed during our inspections in the following areas: Clean Air Act, Underground Storage Tanks, Hazardous Waste, Spill Prevention, Control and Countermeasure (SPCC), TSCA-led based paint, CWA-NPDES and Stormwater requirements.

- The training will take place at the EPA Environmental Science Center located at Fort Meade, Maryland. On the first day from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. and on the second day from 8:30 a.m. to 12:30 p.m.
- The workshop will be delivered through lectures from experienced compliance inspectors. Discussing the most common issues affecting the Federal sector.
- This workshop is intended for Federal personnel who are involved in environmental compliance activities at Federal facilities.

- There is no cost to attend this training; however, each participant is responsible for her/his travel and per diem expenses.
- Due to the activities designed for this training and to provide the best experience, class size is limited to 50 participants.

Register by 21 July 2020.

<https://www.epa.gov/md/federal-facilities-environmental-compliance-training-ask-inspector-workshop-fort-meade-md>

## **FINAL RULES**

**On-Site Civil Inspection Procedures** EPA is promulgating this rule of Agency procedure to fulfill the objectives outlined in the October 9, 2019 Executive Order (E.O.) 13892, *Promoting the Rule of Law Through Transparency and Fairness in Civil Administrative Enforcement and Adjudication*. This rule describes certain Agency procedures for conducting on-site civil inspections, as contemplated by section 7 of E.O. 13892, *Ensuring Reasonable Administrative Inspections*. This rule applies to on-site civil inspections conducted by federally credentialed EPA civil inspectors, federally credentialed contractors and Senior Environmental Employment (SEE) employees conducting inspections on behalf of EPA.

This rule is effective 2 March 2020.

<https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2020/03/02/2020-03508/on-site-civil-inspection-procedures>

# **WATER**

**DoD Releases PFAS Task Force Progress Report** A Defense Department task force released a progress report today on its efforts to address per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). The report summarizes the task force's accomplishments since its establishment in July and its planned activities moving forward.

Defense Secretary Dr. Mark T. Esper created the PFAS task force to ensure a coordinated, aggressive and holistic approach to department-wide efforts to address these chemicals, a defense official said. The task force's priorities include:

- Ensuring consistent investigation and cleanup of past releases;
- Researching a PFAS-free firefighting foam;
- Providing information on health effects to DOD stakeholders; and
- Coordinating DOD efforts with other federal agencies.

The report covers various DOD activities related to PFAS, including the department's actions to address PFAS in drinking water. The report says that where DOD is the known source of drinking water, no one on or off-base is drinking water above the Environmental Protection Agency's lifetime health advisory level of 70 parts per trillion. Where levels exceed EPA's HA, DOD has provided bottled water and filters and has taken other actions as appropriate.

Concurrent with the release of the report, the department is releasing a consolidated inventory of 651 DOD and National Guard installations where the department is performing an assessment of PFAS use or potential release. While DOD's initial focus was on installations with potentially significant historic PFAS use, this is a more

comprehensive inventory of installations, including smaller installations across the Army and Army National Guard.

<https://www.defense.gov/Explore/News/Article/Article/2111631/dod-releases-pfas-task-force-progress-report/>

**2020 Multi-Sector General Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity** The ten EPA Regions are proposing the 2020 NPDES general permit for stormwater discharges associated with industrial activity, also referred to as the “2020 Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP).” The proposed permit, once finalized, will replace the EPA's existing MSGP that will expire on June 4, 2020.

EPA would provide permit coverage to eligible operators in all areas of the country where the EPA is the NPDES permitting authority, including Idaho, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, and New Mexico, Indian country lands, Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and most U.S. territories and protectorates.

Under a settlement agreement signed in 2016, EPA agreed to address several terms and conditions in the proposed 2020 MSGP. One key term from the settlement agreement stipulated that the EPA fund a study conducted by the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine's National Research Council (NRC) on potential permit improvements, focused primarily on monitoring requirements, and that, when drafting the proposed 2020 MSGP, EPA will consider recommendations suggested in the completed NRC Study.

EPA proposed provisions include:

- an explicit clarification that composite sampling is allowed for benchmark monitoring for all pollutants except those affected by storage time,
- for permittees with average results (for specific chemicals) that meet the benchmark, a minimum of continued annual sampling (after the first year),
- “universal benchmark monitoring,” quarterly for the entire five-year permit term, for pH, TSS, and COD for all facilities in Part 4.2.1.1,
- a tiered approach to monitoring that recognizes the varying levels of risk among different industrial activities, including a possible “inspection-only” option available to low-risk facilities,
- incentives to encourage industrial stormwater infiltration or capture and use where appropriate,
- prohibiting, for facilities under the general permit, the use of coal-tar sealcoat to initially seal or to re-seal pavement.

<https://www.epa.gov/npdes/proposed-2020-msgp-public-comment>

Comments are due 1 May 2020.

**NPDES Electronic Reporting Rule-Phase 2 Extension** EPA has proposed to postpone the NPDES Electronic Reporting Rule (NPDES eRule) compliance deadlines for Phase 2 implementation by three years and to provide states with flexibility to request additional time as needed.

EPA proposed changes to the NPDES eRule that would:

- clarify existing requirements and eliminate some duplicative or outdated reporting requirements.
- designed to save the NPDES authorized programs considerable resources,
- make reporting easier for NPDES-regulated entities,
- streamline permit renewals,
- ensure full exchange of NPDES program data between states and EPA,

- enhance public transparency,
- improve environmental decision-making, and
- protect human health and the environment.

EPA published the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Electronic Reporting Rule on 22 October 2015. The rule divided implementation into two “Phases.” The deadline for Phase 1 implementation passed on December 21, 2016. The deadline for Phase 2 is currently December 21, 2020.

Most states and permittees have successfully implemented Phase 1 of the NPDES eRule, which includes electronic submission of Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMRs) and the Federal Biosolids Annual Report where EPA is the Regulatory Authority. Electronic submission of all other reports and notices covered by the NPDES eRule are part of Phase 2 implementation, including:

- Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Program Reports,
- POTW Pretreatment Program Annual Reports,
- Sewer Overflow Event Reports,
- CWA 316(b) Annual Reports (cooling water intake structures).

Comments are due by 28 April 2020.

<https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2020-02-28/pdf/2020-02889.pdf>

## REGION I



**Note: The Connecticut Legislature convened on 5 February 2020 and adjourn on 6 May 2020.**

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to DoD was identified during this reporting period.



**Note: The Maine Legislature convened on 5 December 2018 and will adjourn on 15 May 2020.**

### ***PROPOSED LEGISLATION***

**Legislative Document 2112/House Paper 1505** an act To Limit the Use of Hydrofluorocarbons to Fight Climate Change (Governor’s Bill). Would prohibit the selling, leasing, renting, installing, use or entering into commerce of any product or equipment that uses or will use a substance that is a hydrofluorocarbon with high global warming potential intended for any air conditioning, refrigeration, foam or aerosol propellant end use as determined by the

Maine Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).

[http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/bills/bills\\_129th/billtexts/HP150501.asp](http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/bills/bills_129th/billtexts/HP150501.asp)

**Legislative Document 2147** an act To Require Reporting of Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) in Products and of Discharges of Firefighting Foam Containing PFAS (Governor's Bill).

<http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/bills/getPDF.asp?paper=HP1536&item=1&snum=129>

### **FINAL LEGISLATION**

**Legislative Document 1832** an act To Ensure Adequate Funding for the Maine Pollutant Discharge Elimination System and Waste Discharge Licensing Program. Effective 16 June 2020.

<http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/bills/getPDF.asp?paper=HP1303&item=1&snum=129>



**Note: The Massachusetts Legislature convened on 2 January 2019 and will adjourn on 7 January 2021.**

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to DoD was identified during this reporting period.



**Note: The New Hampshire Legislature convened on 8 January 2020 and will adjourn on 30 June 2020.**

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to DoD was identified during this reporting period.



**Note: The Rhode Island Legislature convened on 7 January 2020 and will adjourn on 30 June 2020.**

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to DoD was identified during this reporting period.



Note: The Vermont Legislature convened on 9 January 2019 and will adjourn on 15 May 2020.

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to DoD was identified during this reporting period.

## REGION II



Note: The New Jersey Legislature convened on 14 January 2020 and will adjourn on 11 January 2022.

### PROPOSED LEGISLATION

**Senate Bill 865/Assembly Bill 2371** requires large food waste generators to separate and recycle food waste and amends definition of "Class I renewable energy."

[https://njleg.state.nj.us/2020/Bills/S1000/865\\_I1.PDF](https://njleg.state.nj.us/2020/Bills/S1000/865_I1.PDF)

**Assembly Bill 2788** would require the NJDEP Commissioner, in conjunction with the Commissioner of Health, to adopt rules and regulations relating to the fluoridation of public community water systems. The rules and regulations would be required to include: (1) the means by which fluoride is controlled; (2) the methods of testing the fluoride content; and (3) the records to be kept relating to fluoridation.

[https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2020/Bills/A3000/2850\\_I1.PDF](https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2020/Bills/A3000/2850_I1.PDF)

**Assembly Bill 3348** establishes user fee on water consumption and diversion and utilizes fee revenue for water quality, supply, and infrastructure projects.

[https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2020/Bills/A3500/3348\\_I1.PDF](https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2020/Bills/A3500/3348_I1.PDF)

**Assembly Bill 3887** requires Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish maximum contaminant level (MCL) for 1,2,3-trichloropropane in drinking water.

[https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2020/Bills/A4000/3887\\_I1.PDF](https://www.njleg.state.nj.us/2020/Bills/A4000/3887_I1.PDF)



## NEW YORK

**Note:** The New York State Legislature convened on 9 January 2019 and will adjourn on 6 January 2021.

### **PROPOSED LEGISLATION**

**Assembly Bill 9856/Senate Bill 3616** enacts the climate and community investment act; establishes the climate justice working group; establishes the worker and community assurance program; establishes the community just transition program; establishes the climate jobs and infrastructure program; imposes a fee on carbon based fuel sold, used or brought into the state by an applicable entity; establishes trust funds; and establishes a rebate program.

[https://nyassembly.gov/leg/?default\\_fld=&Text=Y&term=2019&bn=S3616](https://nyassembly.gov/leg/?default_fld=&Text=Y&term=2019&bn=S3616)

**Assembly Bill 9952/Senate Bill 7880** prohibits the incineration of aqueous film-forming foam (AFFF) and associated perfluorocarbon components.

[https://nyassembly.gov/leg/?default\\_fld=&Summary=Y&Actions=Y&term=2019&bn=A9952](https://nyassembly.gov/leg/?default_fld=&Summary=Y&Actions=Y&term=2019&bn=A9952)

## REGION III



## DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

**Note:** The Council of the District of Columbia convened 2 January 2019 and will adjourn on 31 December 2020.

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to DoD was identified during this reporting period.



## DELAWARE

**Note:** The Delaware General Assembly convened on 8 January 2019 and will adjourn on 30 June 2020.

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to DoD was identified during this reporting period.



**Note: The Maryland General Assembly convened on 8 January 2020 and adjourned on 6 April 2020.**

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to DoD was identified during this reporting period.

### ***OTHER OPPORTUNITIES***

**Maryland Department of Environment (MDE) / Tawes Award for a Clean Environment / James B. Coulter Government Employee Award – Due 30 April 2020**

Maryland Department of Environment (MDE) is a proud co-sponsor of the annual Tawes Award for a Clean Environment. The annual statewide environmental recognition program seeks to involve youth, adults and private and public organizations in the restoration and protection of Maryland's natural resources. Any individual, civic, community or non-profit entity that has demonstrated outstanding efforts to enhance Maryland's environment over a period of time or with a single project may be nominated. The Maryland Petroleum Council will donate \$300 each in the names of the Tawes youth and adult award winners to the non-profit group of their choice.

MDE also co-sponsors the James B. Coulter Government Employee Award. This award recognizes a government employee who goes above and beyond their assigned duties in efforts to improve Maryland's environment.

Past project winners have included community clean-ups, school ecology or beautification projects, recycling, prevention and control of hazardous materials, waste reduction and other innovative environmental enhancements.

The Tawes Award, now celebrating its 38th year of recognizing outstanding efforts to enhance Maryland's environment, is named after the late Governor J. Millard Tawes (1959-1967), the first secretary of the Department of Natural Resources.

The James B. Coulter Government Employee Award, which recognizes the environmental contributions of government employees, was created in 2005 and is named in honor of former Secretary of the Maryland Department of Natural Resources James B. Coulter.

The nomination period for the Tawes and Coulter awards are open February through April. Nominations can be submitted via email to: [TAWES.AWARD@maryland.gov](mailto:TAWES.AWARD@maryland.gov) or by mail to: Maryland Department of the Environment, Office of Communications, 1800 Washington Boulevard, 7th Floor, Baltimore, Maryland 21230, Attention: Adrienne Diaczok - Tawes Awards.

[https://mde.state.md.us/programs/Marylander/Pages/tawes\\_awards.aspx](https://mde.state.md.us/programs/Marylander/Pages/tawes_awards.aspx)



## PENNSYLVANIA

**Note: The Pennsylvania General Assembly convened on 1 January 2019 and will adjourn on 30 November 2020.**

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to DoD was identified during this reporting period.



## VIRGINIA

**Note: The Virginia General Assembly convened on 8 January 2020 and will adjourn on 7 March 2020.**

### ***PROPOSED LEGISLATION***

**House Bill 1192** directs the State Water Control Board to regulate aboveground storage tanks that measure more than 1,320 gallons in capacity and are used to contain hazardous substances other than oil. The bill directs the Board to adopt regulations that establish requirements for registration, certification, and inspection, and other requirements of tank owners, and that establish a schedule of fees. The bill authorizes the Board to undertake corrective action, or to require the owner to undertake corrective action, in the event of a discharge of a hazardous substance. The bill requires tank owners to register their tanks, pay certain registration fees, develop release response plans, upgrade certain older tanks, install containment infrastructure for certain aboveground storage tanks, notify certain parties in the event of a release of a regulated substance, and demonstrate their financial responsibility. The bill also creates the Hazardous Substance Aboveground Storage Tank Fund for the administration of the bill and provides for civil and criminal penalties for violations of requirements of the bill, with the moneys received to be deposited into the existing Virginia Environmental Emergency Response Fund.

<https://leg1.state.va.us/cgi-bin/legp504.exe?ses=201&typ=bil&val=HB1192&ses=201&typ=bil&val=HB1192>



## WEST VIRGINIA

**Note: The West Virginia Legislature convened on 8 January 2020 and will adjourn on 7 June 2020.**

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to DoD was identified during this reporting period.

## REGION IV



### NORTH CAROLINA

**Note: The North Carolina General Assembly convened on 9 January 2019 and will adjourn on 1 July 2020.**

#### ***PROPOSED LEGISLATION***

**House Bill 448** would reorganize, consolidate, modernize, and clarify statutes regarding local development and planning regulations. Would require permitted changes to lands within five miles or less of a military base, then the local government shall provide written notice of the proposed changes by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the commander of the military base not less than 10 days nor more than 25 days before the date fixed for the hearing. If the commander of the military base provides comments or analysis regarding the compatibility of the proposed development regulation or amendment with military operations at the base, the governing board of the local government shall take the comments and analysis into consideration before making a final determination on the ordinance.

<https://www.ncleg.gov/BillLookup/2019/H448>

#### ***PROPOSED RULES***

**Group 6 Readoption of Air Quality Rules** The Department of Environmental Quality has proposed re-adoption and updates to rules regarding total suspended particulates, emission control standards, and volatile organic compounds (VOCs).

<https://files.nc.gov/ncoah/documents/files/Volume-34-Issue-16-February-17-2020.pdf#page=33>



### KENTUCKY

**Note: The Kentucky Legislature convened on 7 January 2019 and will adjourn on 15 April 2020.**

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to the Navy was identified during this reporting period.

## REGION V



**ILLINOIS**

**Note: The Illinois General Assembly convened on 9 January 2019 and will adjourn on 6 January 2021.**

### ***PROPOSED LEGISLATION***

**House Bill 4605/Senate Bill 2975** amends the Environmental Protection Act. Provides that within 180 days after the effective date of the amendatory Act, the Pollution Control Board shall adopt amendments to the rules adopted under specified provisions to require groundwater monitoring at all clean construction or demolition debris fill operations and all uncontaminated soil fill operations. Provides that the groundwater monitoring requirements adopted under specified provisions shall be designed to detect and prevent any exceedance of the Board's Class I groundwater quality standards and meet specified requirements. Provides that groundwater monitoring shall be required for all clean construction or demolition debris fill operations and all uncontaminated soil fill operations unless, before the effective date of the amendatory Act, the owner or operator has completed post-closure maintenance and, for clean construction or demolition debris fill operations, received specified notice from the Environmental Protection Agency, or, for uncontaminated soil fill operations, submitted specified information to the Agency.

<http://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=4605&GAID=15&DocTypeID=HB&SessionID=108&GA=101>

**House Bill 4851** creates the Water Quality Assurance Act. Provides that new and existing health care facilities and buildings containing health care facilities shall develop and implement water management programs with specified elements to control the growth and spread of opportunistic pathogens. Requires specified persons to develop and implement a routine culture sampling plan for all building water systems. Requires health care facilities to perform remediation of identified opportunistic pathogens. Provides that the Department of Public Health or agent health departments may enter at reasonable times upon private or public property for the purpose of inspecting and investigating conditions relating to the enforcement of the Act. Requires health care facilities to register with the Department all building water systems within 120 days of the Act's effective date and to provide specified information. Contains other provisions. Establishes the Water Quality Assurance Fund as a special fund in the State treasury and makes a conforming change in the State Finance Act. Provides that the Department of Public Health shall implement, administer, and enforce the Act and may adopt rules it deems necessary to do so. Amends the Illinois Procurement Code. Provides that the Code shall not apply to procurement expenditures necessary for the Department to respond to an infectious disease outbreak response or to procurement expenditures that are necessary for a State agency's facility to implement critical recommendations provided by the Department in response to an infectious disease outbreak.

<http://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=4851&GAID=15&DocTypeID=HB&SessionID=108&GA=101>

**Senate Bill 3316** amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Provides that, in the case of an electric vehicle owner who is eligible for military series registration plates, instead of a distinctive electric vehicle registration plate, the Secretary of State may require an electric vehicle decal to be displayed on any military series registration plate otherwise available for motor vehicles of the same class as the electric vehicle.

<http://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=3316&GAID=15&DocTypeID=SB&SessionID=108&GA=101>

**Senate Bill 3546** amends the Environmental Protection Act. Provides that any facility that emits a carcinogen in this State must have a Clean Air Act Permit Program (CAAPP) permit. Defines “carcinogen.”

<http://www.ilga.gov/legislation/BillStatus.asp?DocNum=3546&GAID=15&DocTypeID=SB&SessionID=108&GA=101>



**Note: The Indiana General Assembly convened on 6 January 2020 and will adjourn on 14 March 2020.**

### ***PROPOSED RULES***

**Water Program Permitting Fees** The Department of Environmental Management has proposed new rules and amendments to rules in 327 IAC 5, 327 IAC 15, 327 IAC 8, and 327 IAC 19-7-1 concerning water program permit fees as required by House Enrolled Act (HEA) 1278.

<http://iac.iga.in.gov/iac/20200219-IR-327200026FNA.xml.pdf>



**Note: The Michigan Legislature convened on 9 January 2019 and will adjourn on 31 December 2020.**

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to the Navy was identified during this reporting period.



**Note: The Ohio General Assembly convened on 7 January 2019 and will adjourn on 31 December 2020.**

No new environmental legislation or regulation of significant importance to the Navy was identified during this reporting period.



**Note: The Wisconsin Legislature convened on 28 January 20 and adjourned on 31 January 2020.**

### ***PROPOSED LEGISLATION***

**Assembly Bill 922/Senate Bill 774** relating to PFAS management zones, extending the time limit for emergency rule procedures, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures, and granting rule-making authority.

<http://docs.legis.wisconsin.gov/2019/proposals/reg/asm/bill/ab922>

**Assembly Bill 993/Senate Bill 877** relating to petroleum products, storage of dangerous substances, granting rule-making authority, and making an appropriation.

<http://docs.legis.wisconsin.gov/2019/proposals/reg/asm/bill/ab993>

## MEET THE REC STAFF

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If your email address or phone number changes, please send an email with the updated information.

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[NAVFACML\\_EV-dodrecregion3@navy.mil](mailto:NAVFACML_EV-dodrecregion3@navy.mil)